

COL750: Foundations of Automatic Verification (Jan-May 2023)

Lectures 07 & 08 (CTL Model Checking and BDDs)

Kumar Madhukar

madhukar@cse.iitd.ac.in

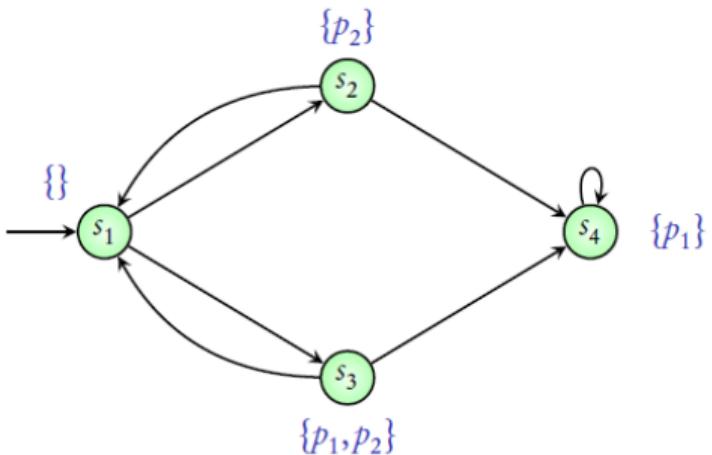
Jan 28th and 30th

Existential Normal Form for CTL

- $\phi := \text{true} \mid p_i \mid \phi_1 \wedge \phi_2 \mid \neg\phi \mid EX\phi \mid E(\phi_1 U \phi_2) \mid EG\phi$
- For every CTL formula there exists an equivalent CTL formula in ENF

Algorithms for EX, EU, and EG¹

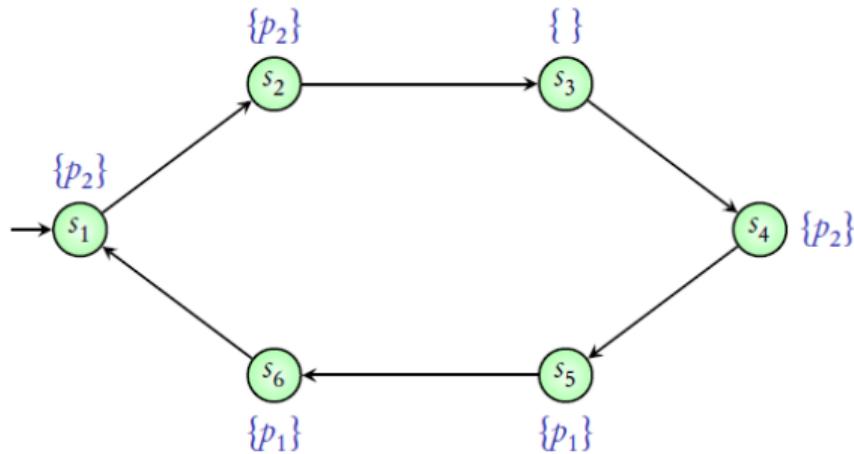
$$\mathbf{E} \, \mathbf{X} (p_1 \wedge \neg p_2)$$



¹all examples here are sourced from B. Srivathsan's NPTEL course slides on Model Checking

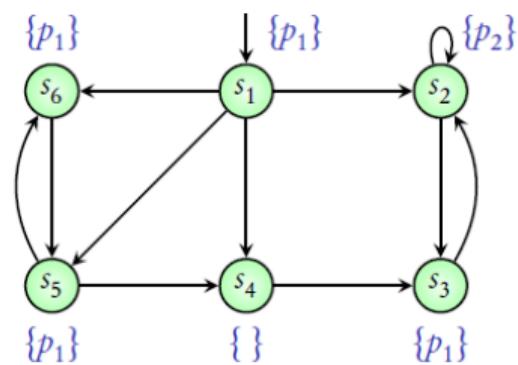
Algorithms for EX, EU, and EG

$$E(\neg p_1 \cup \neg p_2)$$



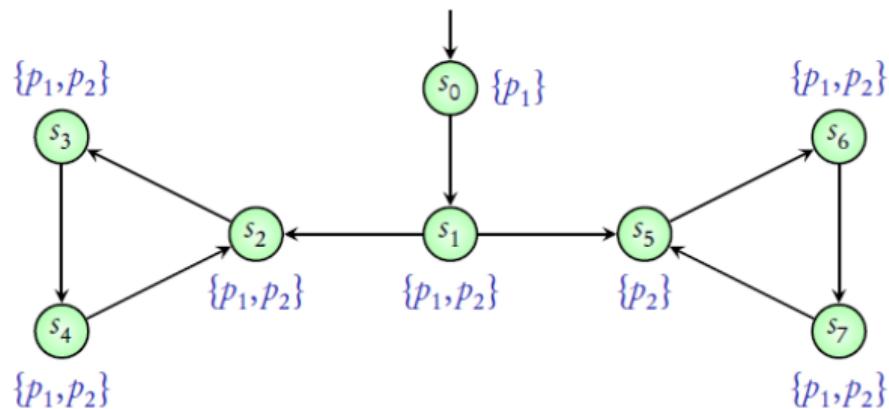
Algorithms for EX, EU, and EG

E G p_1



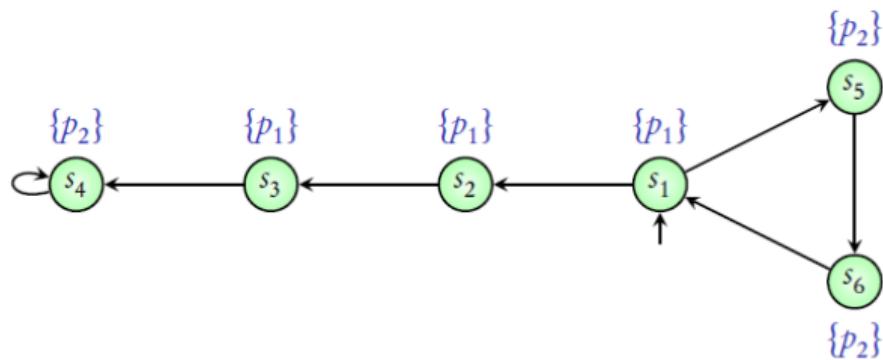
CTL Model Checking – Example 1

$\text{E X E G } (p_1 \wedge p_2)$



CTL Model Checking – Example 2

$$\mathbf{E} p_1 \mathbf{U} (\mathbf{E} \mathbf{G} p_2)$$



EX

```
function SATEX ( $\phi$ )
  /* determines the set of states satisfying EX  $\phi$  */
  local var X, Y
  begin
    X := SAT ( $\phi$ );
    Y := pre $\exists$ (X);
    return Y
  end
```

```
function SATEU ( $\phi, \psi$ )
  /* determines the set of states satisfying E[ $\phi \cup \psi$ ] */
  local var  $W, X, Y$ 
  begin
     $W := \text{SAT}(\phi);$ 
     $X := S;$ 
     $Y := \text{SAT}(\psi);$ 
    repeat until  $X = Y$ 
    begin
       $X := Y;$ 
       $Y := Y \cup (W \cap \text{pre}_{\exists}(Y))$ 
    end
    return  $Y$ 
  end
```

EG

```
function SATEG ( $\phi$ )
/* determines the set of states satisfying EG  $\phi$  */
local var  $X, Y$ 
begin
     $Y := \text{SAT}(\phi);$ 
     $X := \emptyset;$ 
    repeat until  $X = Y$ 
        begin
             $X := Y;$ 
             $Y := Y \cap \text{pre}_{\exists}(Y)$ 
        end
        return  $Y$ 
    end
```

State-space Explosion Problem

- Correctness and Termination
- Efficiency

Thank you!